

Development of Novel Electrocatalysts for Direct Alcohol
Electrooxidation

Kenneth W. Lux^{1,2,3} and Elton J. Cairns^{1,2}

¹University of California at Berkeley
Berkeley, California 94720
and

²Ernest O. Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory
1 Cyclotron Rd. Berkeley, CA 94720
and

³U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Fossil Energy
19901 Germantown Rd. Germantown, MD 20874

The direct electrooxidation of fuels in a Polymer Electrolyte Fuel Cell (PEMFC) eliminates the need for a reformer system, but the direct electrooxidation of most fuels other than hydrogen are either kinetically limited and/or are not completely oxidized. These limitations reduce the specific power of the cell and can result in undesired electrooxidation byproducts.

In this paper, we will report on a new class of materials to be used in the direct electrooxidation of alcohol fuels. These new materials are nanocrystalline lanthanide-platinum intermetallic compounds. Lanthanide-platinum intermetallic compounds have been known and studied in bulk form, however if they are to be utilized as electrocatalysts in fuel cells, they need to be produced in a finely divided form. Figure 1 is an X-ray diffraction pattern for a sample of PrPt₂ prepared in our laboratory. A small impurity of PrPt₅ is present, but no observable amount of PrO_x is present.

From a line width analysis of the major reflections in Figure 1 combined with a regression of the lattice parameter, we estimate the specific surface area of the sample to be 15.6 m²/g. This is a specific surface area amenable to use in a porous fuel cell electrode. The specific surface area was also measured using a 5-point BET isotherm shown in Figure 2. The BET isotherm was used as an independent estimate of the specific surface area which also gave a specific surface area of 15.6 m²/g.

We will report on the electrocatalytic properties of lanthanide-platinum intermetallic compounds measured using a PEMFC operating on alcohol feed coupled with on-line gas chromatography.

Figures

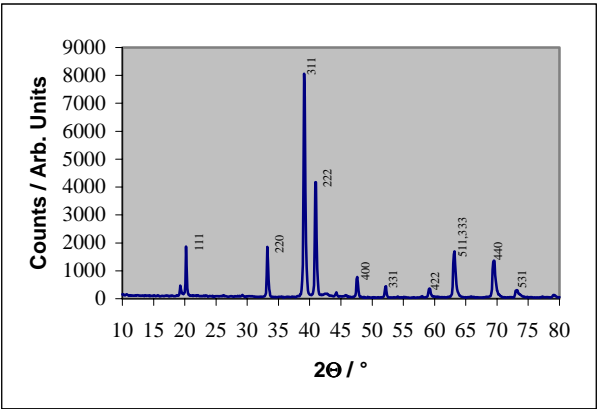


Figure 1 – XRD Pattern for PrPt₂ Powder

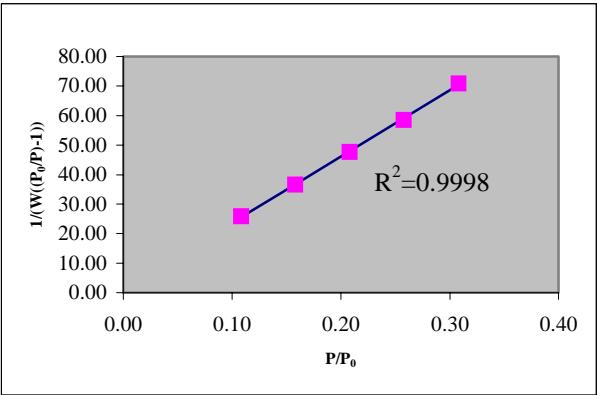


Figure 2 – BET Isotherm of PrPt₂ Sample